

Math589 Homework 5

Note: To submit the k-th homework, simply put your files in the folder HWk on CoCalc, and it will be collected on the due day.

1. Find a closed walk of odd length in the Kneser graph $K_{9,4}$.

Solution. The following is a closed walk of length 9.

$$\{1, 2, 3, 4\} \rightarrow \{5, 6, 7, 8\}$$

$$\{1, 2, 3, 9\} \rightarrow \{4, 5, 6, 7\}$$

$$\{1, 2, 8, 9\} \rightarrow \{3, 4, 5, 6\}$$

$$\{1, 7, 8, 9\} \rightarrow \{2, 3, 4, 5\}$$

$$\{6, 7, 8, 9\} \rightarrow \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

2. Let S^n be the sphere of dimension n (in \mathbb{R}^{n+1}). That is,

$$S^n = \{\mathbf{x} = (x_1, \dots, x_{n+1}) \in \mathbb{R}^{n+1} : x_1^2 + \dots + x_{n+1}^2 = 1\}.$$

Consider the projection map $f : S^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$ by

$$f(x_1, \dots, x_{n+1}) = (x_1, \dots, x_n).$$

Find a pair of antipodal points \mathbf{x} and $-\mathbf{x}$ in \mathbb{R}^{n+1} such that $f(\mathbf{x}) = f(-\mathbf{x})$. Are there any other pairs of the same property?

Solution. Let $\mathbf{x} = (0, \dots, 0, 1) \in \mathbb{R}^{n+1}$ with n entries as 0. Then

$$f(\mathbf{x}) = f(-\mathbf{x}) = (0, \dots, 0) \in \mathbb{R}^n.$$

There are no other pairs since

$$f(\mathbf{x}) = (x_1, \dots, x_n) = (-x_1, \dots, x_n) = f(-\mathbf{x})$$

only when $x_1 = \dots = x_n = 0$.