國立中山大學

NATIONAL SUN YAT-SEN UNIVERSITY

線性代數 (二)

MATH 104 / GEAI 1209: Linear Algebra II

第二次期中考

May 2, 2022

Midterm 2

姓名 Name : _____

學號 Student ID # : _____

Lecturer: Jephian Lin 林晉宏

Contents: cover page,

5 pages of questions, score page at the end

To be answered: on the test paper

Duration: 110 minutes

Total points: 20 points + 2 extra points

Do not open this packet until instructed to do so.

Instructions:

- Enter your Name and Student ID # before you start.
- Using the calculator is not allowed (and not necessary) for this exam.
- Any work necessary to arrive at an answer must be shown on the examination paper. Marks will not be given for final answers that are not supported by appropriate work.
- Clearly indicate your final answer to each question either by **underlining** it or circling it. If multiple answers are shown then no marks will be awarded.
- 可用中文或英文作答

1. Let $\beta = \{\mathbf{u}_1, \mathbf{u}_2, \mathbf{u}_3\}$ be a basis of \mathbb{R}^3 . Let A be the 3×3 matrix such that

$$[f_A]^{eta}_{eta} = egin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 & 0 \ 0 & 2 & 1 \ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Here $f_A: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ is the function defined by $f_A(\mathbf{v}) = A\mathbf{v}$.

(a) [1pt] Write $A\mathbf{u}_1$ as a linear combination of β .

(b) [1pt] Write $A\mathbf{u}_3$ as a linear combination of β .

(c) [1pt] Find the characteristic polynomial of A.

(d) [1pt] Find the minimal polynomial of A.

(e) [1pt] Find the algebraic multiplicity and the geometric multiplicity of $\lambda=2.$

2. It is known that

$$\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -3 & -2 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -6 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -3 & -2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) [1pt] Let
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -6 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$
. Find A^n .

(b) [2pt] Solve the recurrence relation $a_{n+2} + 5a_{n+1} + 6a_n = 0$ with $a_0 = 1$ and $a_1 = 1$.

(c) [2pt] Solve the differential equation y'' + 5y' + 6y = 0, where y is a function of t.

3. [5pt] Diagonalize the following matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & 4 \\ 4 & 3 & 4 \\ -4 & -4 & -5 \end{bmatrix}.$$

That is, find an invertible matrix Q and a diagonal matrix D such that $Q^{-1}AQ=D$.

4. [5pt] 數學作文:請寫一篇短文來向沒修過線性代數的朋友介紹什麼是 一個矩陣的特徵值(eigenvalue)。

請敘述特徵值的數學定義,並以自己的方式或是比喻來說明其直觀意義。請說明特徵值和特徵向量、特徵多項式之間的關係,以及如何計算特徵值。請給一些例子,並詳細解釋例子中的各個數學物件如何呼應你先前的說明。你也可以補充一些這個概念的相關性質(像是矩陣經過一些改變後,特徵值會如何改變、或是不會改變);有必要的話可以加上一些圖來輔助說明。格式沒有限制,篇輻大約半面到一面。

(If Chinese is not your native language, you may use English or the language that you prefer.)

5. [extra 2pt] Let A be the 9×9 matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Let

$$p_A(x) = \det(A - xI)$$

= $s_0(-x)^9 + s_1(-x)^8 + \dots + s_9$

be the characteristic polynomial of A. Find $s_4(A)$.

Page	Points	Score
1	5	
2	5	
3	5	
4	5	
5	2	
Total	20 (+2)	