

國立中山大學

NATIONAL SUN YAT-SEN UNIVERSITY

數學導論 (一)

MATH107A / GEAI1216A
Introduction to Mathematics I

第二次期中考

November 28, 2025

Midterm 2

姓名 Name : _____

學號 Student ID # : _____

Lecturer:	Jephian Lin 林晉宏
Contents:	cover page, 5 pages of questions, score page at the end
To be answered:	on the test paper
Duration:	110 minutes
Total points:	20 points + 2 extra points

Do not open this packet until instructed to do so.

Instructions:

- Enter your **Name** and **Student ID #** before you start.
- Using the calculator is not allowed (and not necessary) for this exam.
- Any work necessary to arrive at an answer must be shown on the examination paper. Marks will not be given for final answers that are not supported by appropriate work.
- Clearly indicate your final answer to each question either by **underlining it or circling it**. If multiple answers are shown then no marks will be awarded.
- Please answer the problems in English.

1. [1pt] Give an example of “ d divides n ”.
2. [2pt] Prove that the sum of two even numbers is even, while the sum of two odd numbers is even.

3. [2pt] Prove that

$$\sum_{k=1}^n k^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

for any positive integer n .

4. [1pt] Let $X = \{1, 2, 3\}$ and $Y = \{a, b\}$. List all elements in the Cartesian product $X \times Y$.
5. [2pt] Prove that $A \cap (B \cup C) = (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap C)$.
6. [2pt] Prove or disprove: $\mathcal{P}(A \cup B) = \mathcal{P}(A) \cup \mathcal{P}(B)$. Here $\mathcal{P}(S)$ stands for the power set of S .

7. [1pt] Let $X = \{1, 2, 3\}$ and $Y = \{a, b\}$. Consider the function $f : X \rightarrow Y$ defined by $f(1) = f(2) = f(3) = a$. What are the domain, the codomain, the graph, and the range of f ?
8. [2pt] Let \mathbb{R}_+ be the set of all positive real numbers. Define $g : \mathbb{R}_+ \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_+$ by $g(x) = x^2$. Prove or disprove that g is injective (one-to-one).
9. [2pt] For the same function g , prove or disprove that g is surjective (onto).

10. [1pt] Consider the set

$$Q = \{(p, q) : p, q \in \mathbb{Z} \text{ and } p, q > 0\}.$$

Define

$$E = \{\langle (p_1, q_1), (p_2, q_2) \rangle \in Q^2 : p_1 q_2 = p_2 q_1\}.$$

Find two elements from E .

11. [2pt] For the same set E , show that E is an equivalence.

12. [2pt] Show that the relation “divides” on $\mathbb{N} \setminus \{0\}$ is a partial order.

13. [extra 2pt] Find $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$ such that $31a + 53b = 1$.

[END]

Page	Points	Score
1	5	
2	5	
3	5	
4	5	
5	2	
Total	20 (+2)	